## 1 Explanation of terms

Early neonatal mortality	: death in less than 1 week (7 days) of birth
Foetal death	: birth of a stillborn baby after 12 completed weeks of gestation
Perinatal mortality	: foetal death of 22 completed weeks of gestation and after, and early
	neonatal deaths

## 2 Explanation of rates

1) Natality

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• Live birth rate

Live birth rate by employment status and occupation (and age group) of father (mother)

_ Live births by employment status and occupation (and age group) of father (mother) $\sim$ 1	.000
Population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group)	,000

• Age-standardized live birth rate

Age-standardized live birth rate by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

,	Live birth rate by employment status and occupation and age group of father (mother)]
_	<sup>2</sup> × Population in the relevant age group of the standard population
_	Total standard population of 15 years of age and over

## 2) Deaths

· General Mortality

Death rate by sex, employment status and occupation (industry) (and age group)

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Number of deaths by sex, employment status and occupation (industry) (and age group) ×1,000
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Population by sex, employment status and occupation (industry) (and age group)

· Age-adjusted death rate

Age-adjusted death rate by sex, employment status and occupation (industry)

[Death rate by sex, employment status and occupation (industry) and age group] ×Population in the relevant age group of the standard population Total standard population of 15 years of age and over

- 3) Foetal mortality
- · Foetal death rate

Total births = live births + foetal deaths

Foetal death rate by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

Foetal deaths by employment status and occupation of father (mother) Total births by employment status and occupation of father (mother) ×1,000

4) Perinatal mortality

· Perinatal death rate

Perinatal death rate by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

Perinatal deaths by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

Live births by employment status and occupation of father (mother) + Foetal deaths at 22 completed weeks and over of gestation by employment status and occupation of father (mother) ×1,000

Early neonatal death rate by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

Number of early neonatal deaths by employment status and occupation of father (mother) ×1,000

Live births by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

5) Marriages

• Marriage rate

Marriage rate by employment status and occupation (and age group) of groom (bride)

\_ Marriages by employment status and occupation (and age group) of groom (bride) ×1,000

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Population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group)
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• Marriage rate for unmarried population

Marriage rate for unmarried population by employment status and occupation (and age group) of groom (bride)

= Marriages by employment status and occupation (and age group) of groom(bride) Unmarried population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group) ×1,000

• Age-standardized marriage rate

Age-standardized marriage rate by employment status and occupation of groom (bride)

 $= \frac{\sum \begin{bmatrix} \text{Marriage rate by employment status and occupation and age group of groom (bride)} \\ \times \text{Population of the relevant age group of the standard population} \\ \hline \text{Total standard population of 15 years of age and over} \end{bmatrix}$ 

· Age-standardized marriage rate for unmarried population

Age-standardized marriage rate for unmarried population by employment status and occupation of groom (bride)

 $= \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \left[ Age-standardized marriage rate for unmarried population by employment status and occupation and age group of groom (bride) \right]}{\text{Notal standard population of the relevant age group of the standard population}}$ 

6) Divorces

• Divorce rate

Divorce rate by employment status and occupation (and age group) of husband (wife)

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= \frac{\text{Divorces by employment status and occupation (and age group) of husband (wife)}}{\text{Population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group)}} \times 1,000
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• Divorce rate for married population

Divorce rate for married population by employment status and occupation (and age group) of

husband (wife)

= Divorces rate by employment status and occupation (and age group) of husband (wife) ×1,000

Married population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group)

Age-standardized divorce rate

Age-standardized divorce rate by employment status and occupation of husband (wife)

 $\frac{\sum \begin{bmatrix} \text{Divorce rate by employment status and occupation and age group of husband (wife)} \\ \times \text{Population in the relevant age group of the standard population} \\ \hline \text{Total standard population of 15 years of age and over} \end{bmatrix}$ 

· Age-standardized divorce rates for married population

Age-standardized divorce rates for married population by employment status and occupation of

husband (wife)

 $\sum \left[ \frac{\sum \left[ \text{Divorce rate for married population by employment status and occupation and age group of husband (wife)}{\times \text{Population in the relevant age group of the standard population}} \right]$ 

Total standard population of 15 years of age and over

Note: Fathers in natality, foetal and perinatal natality are limited to children (dead fetuses) born in wedlock.