## 1 Explanation of terms

Early neonatal mortality : death in less than 1 week ( 7 days) of birth
Foetal death : birth of a stillborn baby after 12 completed weeks of gestation
Perinatal mortality : foetal death of 22 completed weeks of gestation and after, and early neonatal deaths

## 2 Explanation of rates

1) Natality

- Live birth rate

Live birth rate by employment status and occupation (and age group) of father (mother)

$$
=\frac{\text { Live births by employment status and occupation (and age group) of father (mother) }}{\text { Population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group) }} \times 1,000
$$

- Age-standardized live birth rate

Age-standardized live birth rate by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

$$
=\frac{\sum\left[\begin{array}{c}
\text { Live birth rate by employment status and occupation and age group of father (mother) } \\
\times \text { Population in the relevant age group of the standard population }
\end{array}\right]}{\text { Total standard population of } 15 \text { years of age and over }}
$$

2) Deaths

- General Mortality

Death rate by sex, employment status and occupation (industry) (and age group)
$=\frac{\text { Number of deaths by sex, employment status and occupation (industry) (and age group) }}{\text { Population by sex, employment status and occupation (industry) (and age group) }} \times 1,000$

- Age-adjusted death rate

Age-adjusted death rate by sex, employment status and occupation (industry)

$$
=\frac{\sum\left[\begin{array}{c}
\text { Death rate by sex, employment status and occupation (industry) and age group } \\
\times \text { Population in the relevant age group of the standard population }
\end{array}\right]}{\text { Total standard population of } 15 \text { years of age and over }}
$$

3) Foetal mortality

- Foetal death rate

Total births $=$ live births + foetal deaths
Foetal death rate by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

$$
=\frac{\text { Foetal deaths by employment status and occupation of father }(\text { mother })}{\text { Total births by employment status and occupation of father }(\text { mother })} \times 1,000
$$

4) Perinatal mortality

- Perinatal death rate

Perinatal death rate by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

[^0]5) Marriages

- Marriage rate

Marriage rate by employment status and occupation (and age group) of groom (bride)
$=\frac{\text { Marriages by employment status and occupation (and age group) of groom (bride) }}{\text { Population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group) }} \times 1,000$

- Marriage rate for unmarried population

Marriage rate for unmarried population by employment status and occupation (and age group) of groom (bride)
$=\frac{\text { Marriages by employment status and occupation (and age group) of groom(bride) }}{\text { Unmarried population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group) }} \times 1,000$

- Age-standardized marriage rate

Age-standardized marriage rate by employment status and occupation of groom (bride)

$$
=\frac{\sum\left[\begin{array}{c}
\text { Marriage rate by employment status and occupation and age group of groom (bride) } \\
\times \text { Population of the relevant age group of the standard population }
\end{array}\right]}{\text { Total standard population of } 15 \text { years of age and over }}
$$

- Age-standardized marriage rate for unmarried population

Age-standardized marriage rate for unmarried population by employment status and occupation of groom (bride)

$$
=\frac{\sum\left[\begin{array}{c}
\text { Age-standardized marriage rate for unmarried population by employment status and occupation and age group of groom (bride) } \\
\times \text { Population of the relevant age group of the standard population }
\end{array}\right]}{\text { Total standard population of } 15 \text { years of age and over }}
$$

6) Divorces

- Divorce rate

Divorce rate by employment status and occupation (and age group) of husband (wife)

$$
=\frac{\text { Divorces by employment status and occupation (and age group) of husband (wife) }}{\text { Population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group) }} \times 1,000
$$

- Divorce rate for married population

Divorce rate for married population by employment status and occupation (and age group) of husband (wife)
$=\frac{\text { Divorces rate by employment status and occupation (and age group) of husband (wife) }}{\text { Married population by sex, employment status and occupation (and age group) }} \times 1,000$

- Age-standardized divorce rate

Age-standardized divorce rate by employment status and occupation of husband (wife)


- Age-standardized divorce rates for married population

Age-standardized divorce rates for married population by employment status and occupation of
husband (wife)
$=\frac{\Sigma\left[\begin{array}{c}\text { Divorce rate for married population by employment status and occupation and age group of husband (wife) } \\ \times \text { Population in the relevant age group of the standard population }\end{array}\right]}{\text { Total standard population of } 15 \text { years of age and over }}$
Note: Fathers in natality, foetal and perinatal natality are limited to children (dead fetuses) born in wedlock.


[^0]:    Perinatal deaths by employment status and occupation of father (mother)
    $=\frac{\text { Perinatal deaths by employment status and occupation of father (mother) }}{\text { Live births by employment status and occupation of father (mother) }+ \text { Foetal deaths at } 22 \text { completed weeks and over of gestation by employment status and occupation of father (mother) }} \times 1,000$
    Early neonatal death rate by employment status and occupation of father (mother)

    $$
    =\frac{\text { Number of early neonatal deaths by employment status and occupation of father (mother) }}{\text { Live births by employment status and occupation of father (mother) }} \times 1,000
    $$

