

Summary of 2023 Annual Average (II Detailed Tabulation)

1. Composition of Employees (Regular or Non-regular employment)

Annual average number of regular employees in 2023 was 36.06 million, an increase of 0.18 million from the previous year. On the other hand, the number of non-regular employees was 21.24 million, an increase of 0.23 million.

Viewing by sex, the number of male regular employees was 23.38 million, a decrease of 0.01 million, whereas that of male non-regular employees was 6.83 million, an increase of 0.14 million. The number of female regular employees was 12.67 million, an increase of 0.18 million, whereas that of female non-regular employees was 14.41 million, an increase of 0.09 million.

2. Unemployed persons (ILO 2013)

(1) Unemployed persons (ILO 2013) by reason for being unable to take up a job

Among the “unemployed persons (ILO 2013)” (1.98 million for the 2023 annual average, the same as the previous year), the number of “unemployed persons (ILO 2013)” who were unable to take up a job because of “preferable kind of job is not available” was 0.58 million, a decrease of 0.01 million. The number of those because of “wish to have any kind of job, but it is not available” was 0.10 million, a decrease of 0.01 million.

(2) Unemployed persons (ILO 2013) by duration of unemployment

The number of “those who have looked for a job or prepared to start a business” for “less than 3 months” was 0.82 million, an increase of 0.07 million from the previous year. “3 to less than 6 months” was 0.32 million, an increase of 0.04 million. “6 months to less than 1 year” was 0.22 million, a decrease of 0.04 million. “1 year or more” was 0.59 million, a decrease of 0.07 million.

3. Not in labour force

(1) Persons not in labour force categorized by whether or not they wish to work

Among the persons not in the labour force (40.61 million for the 2023 annual average, a decrease of 0.44 million from the previous year), the number of those who wish to work was 2.33 million, a decrease of 0.05 million.

Viewing by sex and age groups, for males, those aged 65 and over accounted for the largest, 0.23 million (30.7%), the same as the previous year. For females, those aged 35-44 accounted for the largest, 0.38 million (24.4%), the same as the previous year.

On the other hand, the number of those who do not wish to work was 37.33 million, a decrease of 0.37 million. The number of those who do not wish to work aged 65 and over was 26.36 million, a decrease of 0.04 million.

(2) Persons wishing to work by reason for not seeking a job

The number of persons who do not currently seek a job because there is “no prospect of finding a job” was 0.79 million, a decrease of 0.06 million from the previous year, “for poor condition of health” was 0.54 million, an increase of 0.02 million, “for childbirth or child-rearing” was 0.37 million, a decrease of 0.01 million, and “for caring aged or sick family member” was 0.15 million, the same as the previous year.

4. Labour underutilization

(1) Persons in time-related underemployment and potential labour force

Among the employed persons (67.38 million for 2023 annual average), the number of persons in time-related underemployment was 1.90 million, a decrease of 0.05 million from

the previous year.

Unemployment persons (ILO 2013) was 1.98 million, the same as the previous year.

Among the persons not in labour force (40.61 million), the number of potential labour force was 0.36 million, an increase of 0.01 million.

(2) Labour underutilization indicator 4 (LU4)

Labour underutilization indicator 4 (LU4), which indicate labour underutilization most inclusively, was 6.1%, a decrease of 0.1 percent points from the previous year.

Viewing by sex, male LU4 was 4.8%, a decrease of 0.2 percent points, and female LU4 was 7.6%, the same as the previous year.